

WEBINAR

Ultrasound in Facial Aesthetics: Vascular Mapping, Evaluating Fillers and Complications

February 4, 2021



Your Host



Dr. Oron Frenkel, MD, MS

Emergency Physician & POCUS Educator

Chairman, Clarius Medical Advisory Board



Challenges with Dermal Fillers



American Academy of Dermatology



“With non-surgical cosmetic treatments increasing in popularity, we’ve seen **more patients** in our practices who have experienced **complications...**”



American Academy of Dermatology



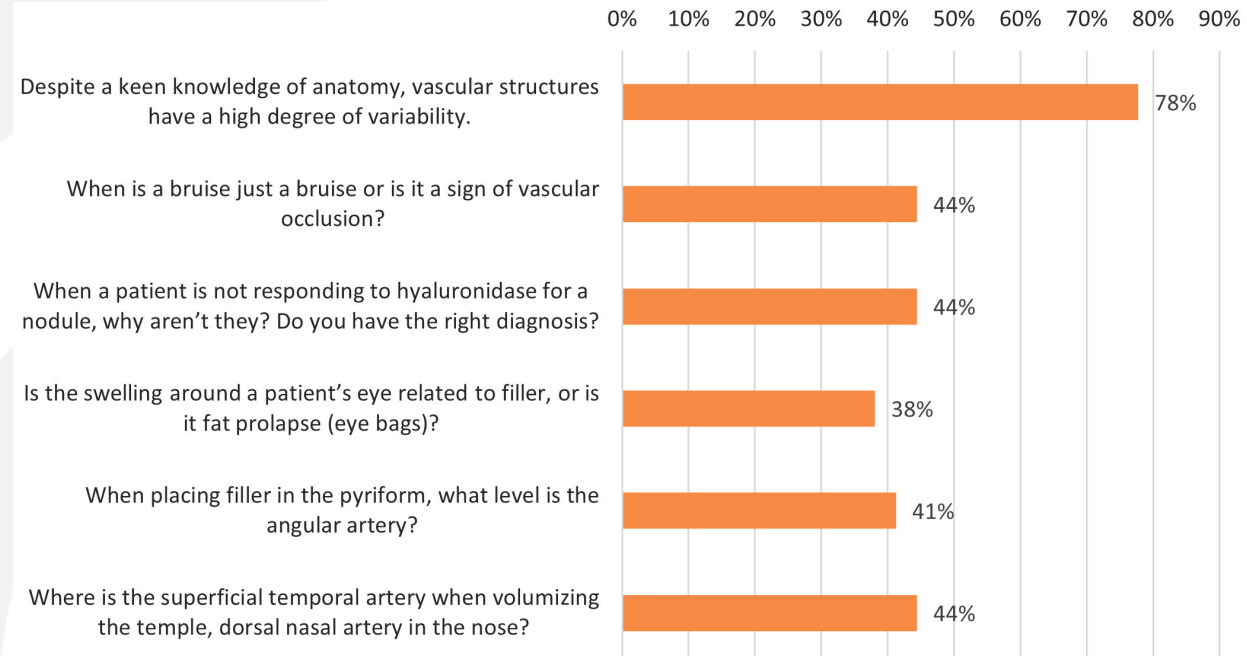
“...include infection, scars, and swelling, while more severe cases can involve vascular occlusion, necrosis, blindness, stroke, and even death.”





Poll

What challenges are most concerning when performing dermal fillers?



Beleznay et al, 2015



“Ninety-eight cases of vision changes from filler were identified. The sites that were high risk for complications were the glabella (38.8%), nasal region (25.5%), nasolabial fold (13.3%), and forehead (12.2%). Most cases of vision loss **did not recover.**”

Beleznay K, Carruthers JD, Humphrey S, Jones D. Avoiding and Treating Blindness From Fillers: A Review of the World Literature. *Dermatol Surg*. 2015 Oct;41(10):1097-117. doi: 10.1097/DSS.0000000000000486. PMID: 26356847. Source: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/26356847/>

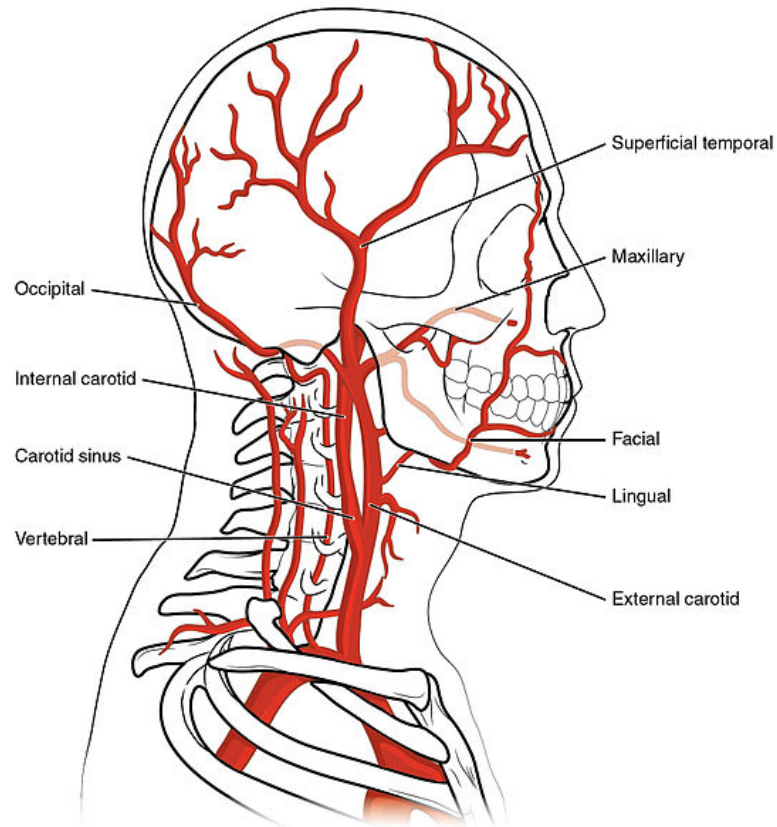
Update



“Forty-eight new published cases of partial or complete vision loss after filler injection were identified. Hyaluronic acid filler was the cause of this complication in 81.3% of cases. Ten cases (20.8%) experienced complete recovery of vision...”

Beleznyay K, Carruthers JDA, Humphrey S, Carruthers A, Jones D. Update on Avoiding and Treating Blindness From Fillers: A Recent Review of the World Literature. *Aesthet Surg J*. 2019 May 16;39(6):662-674. doi: 10.1093/asj/sjz053. PMID: 30805636. Source: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/30805636/>

Update



“A **clear** understanding of **vascular anatomy** can minimize the risks of complications.”

Your Expert Guest Speaker



Dr. Steven F. Weiner, MD

Otolaryngology, Head and Neck Surgeon,
Specializing in Facial Plastic Surgery



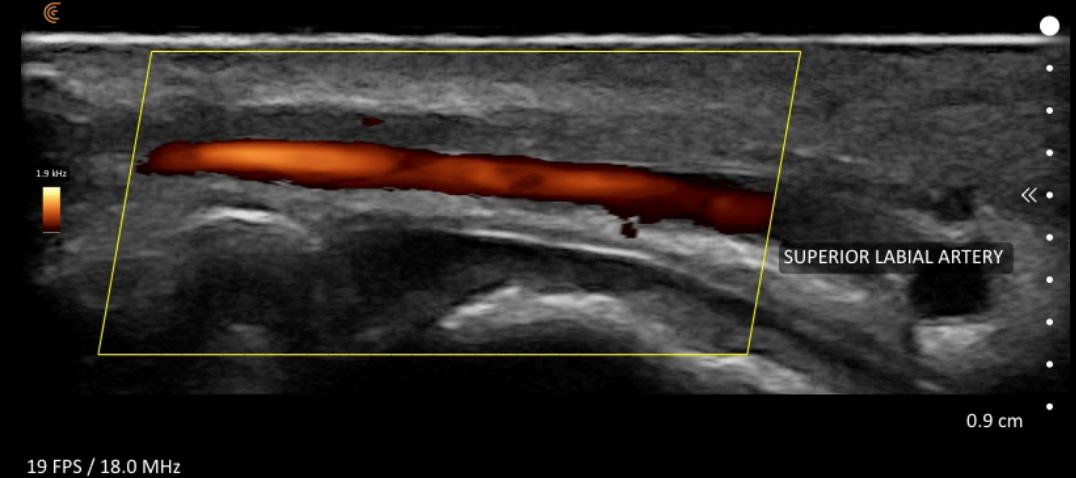
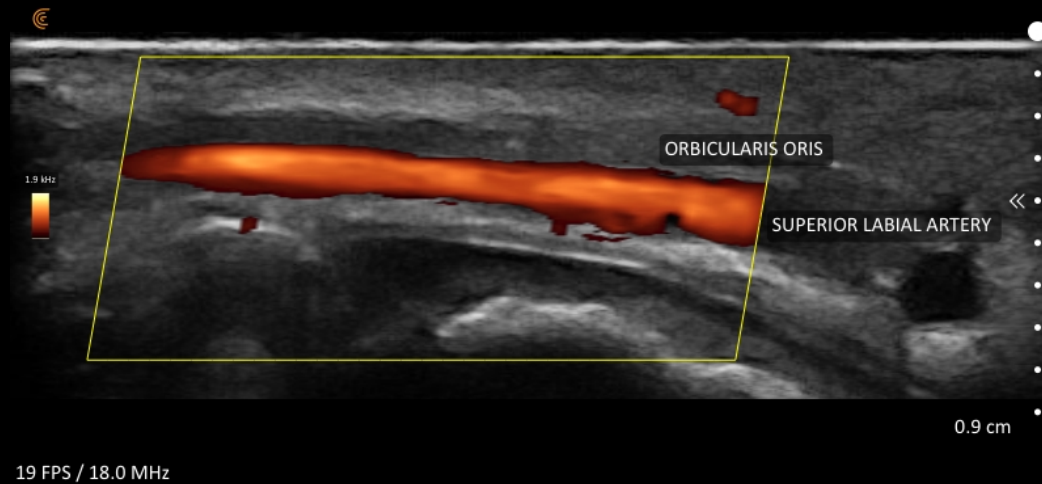
Vascular Mapping with the Clarius L20 HD



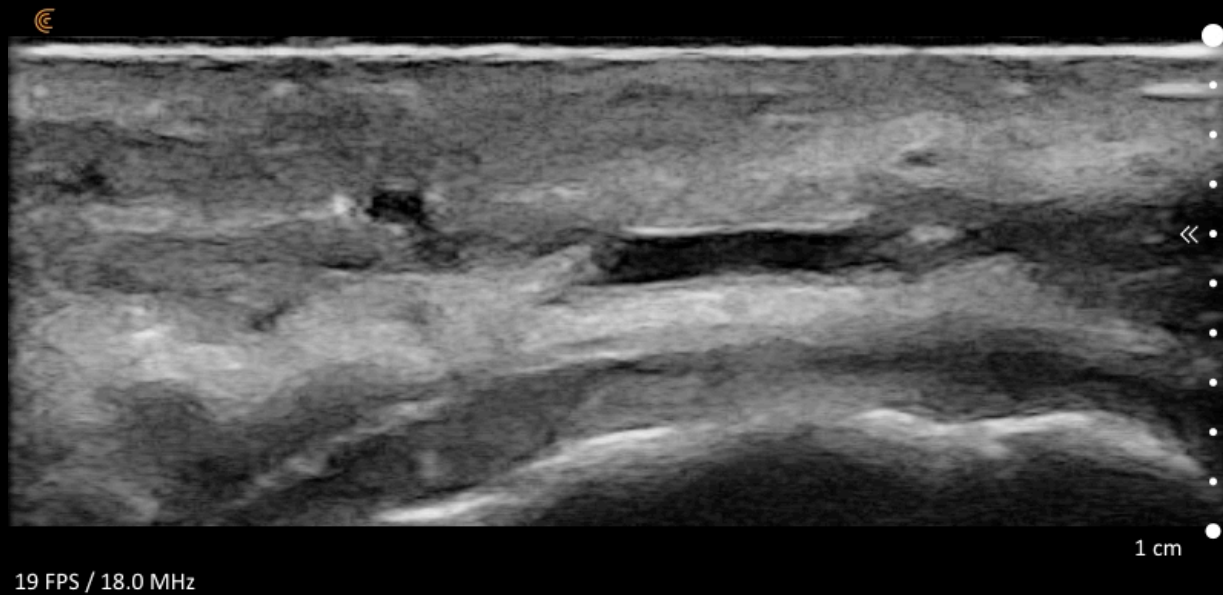
Echogenicity

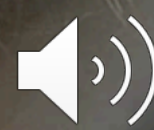
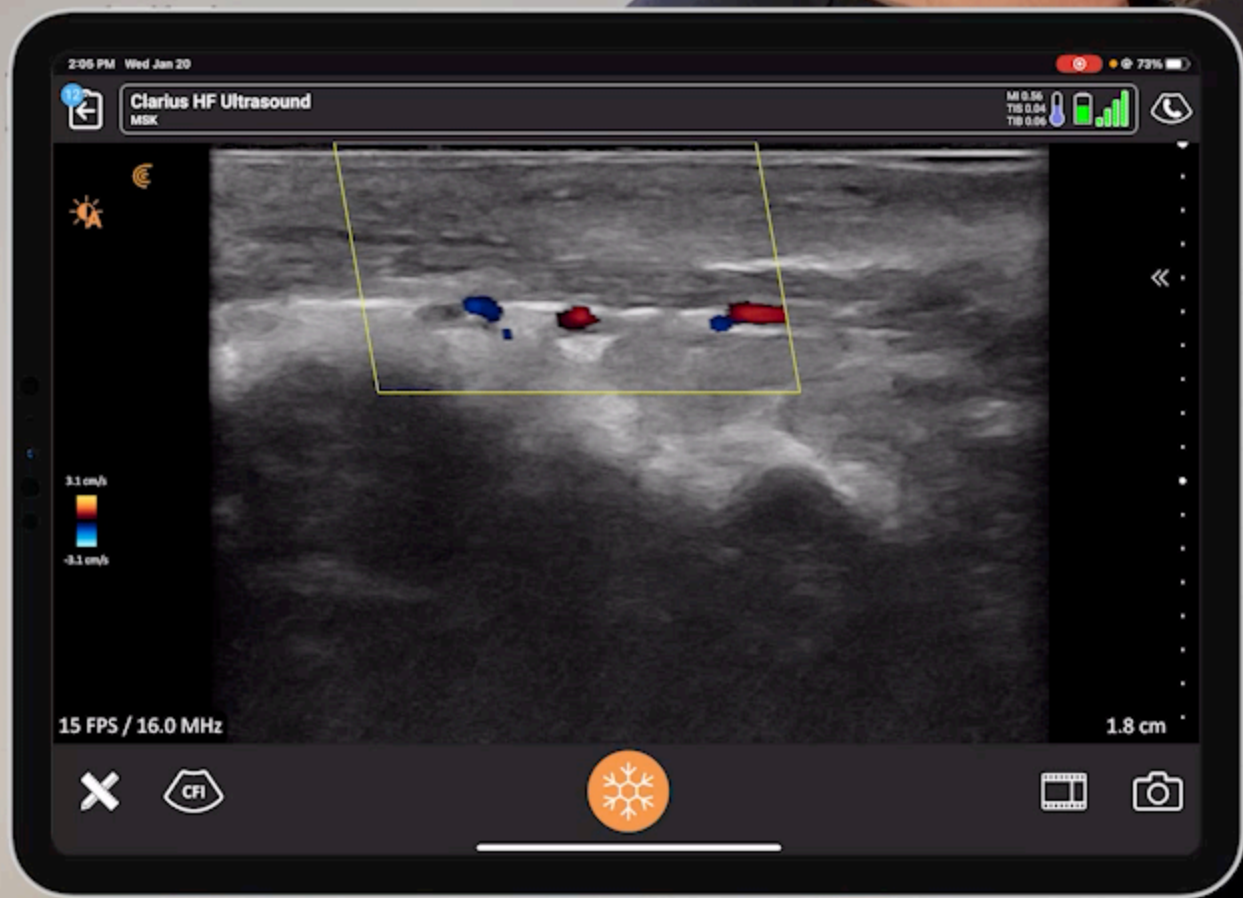


Exam of Lip (Power Doppler)

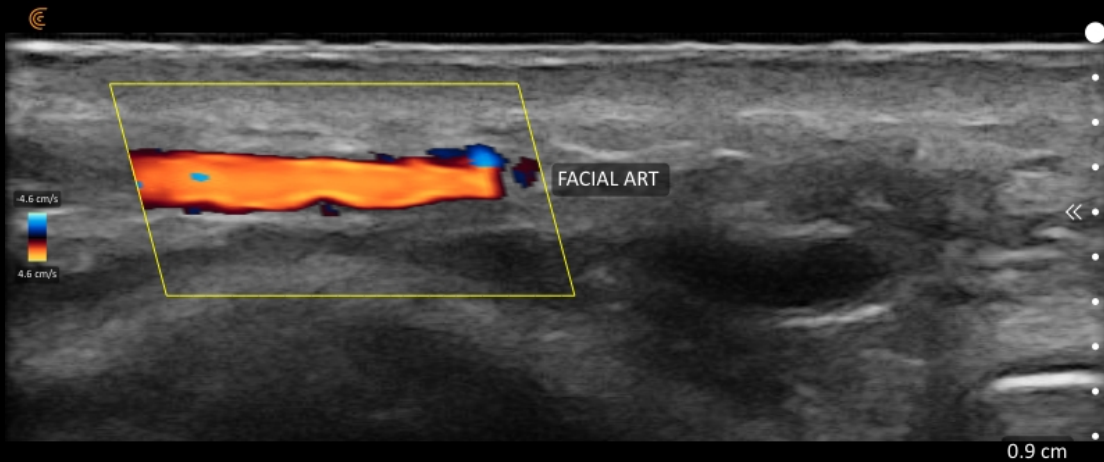


Lip – Superior Labial Artery – B Mode

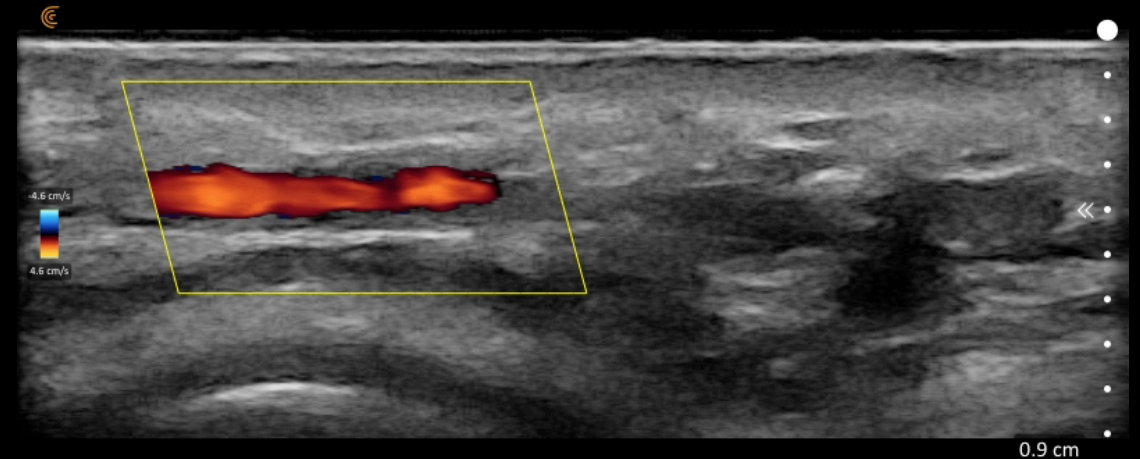




Facial A. Below Commissure (Color Doppler)

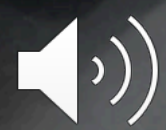
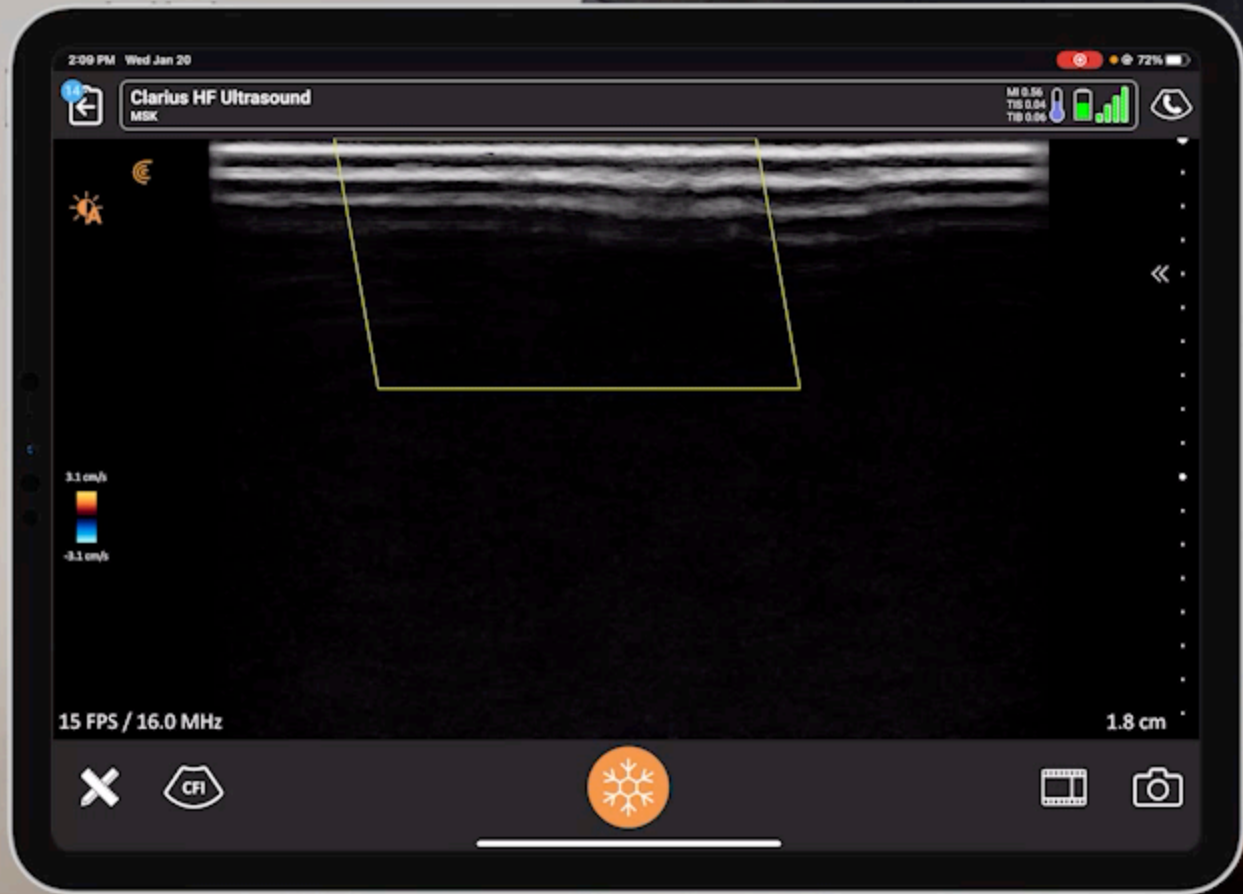


19 FPS / 18.0 MHz

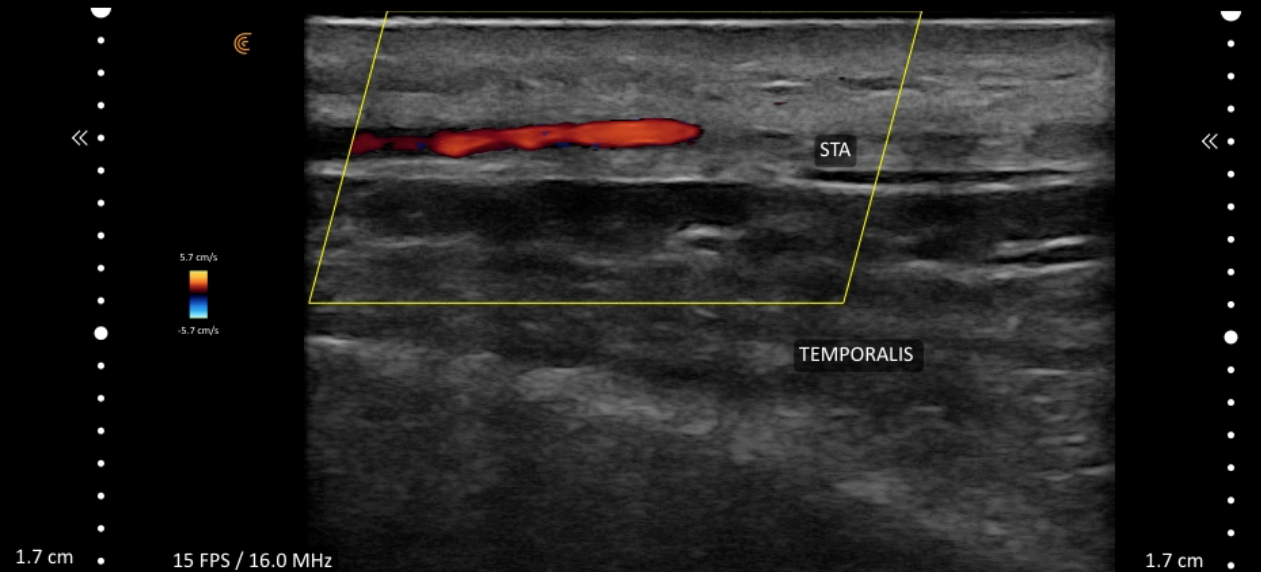
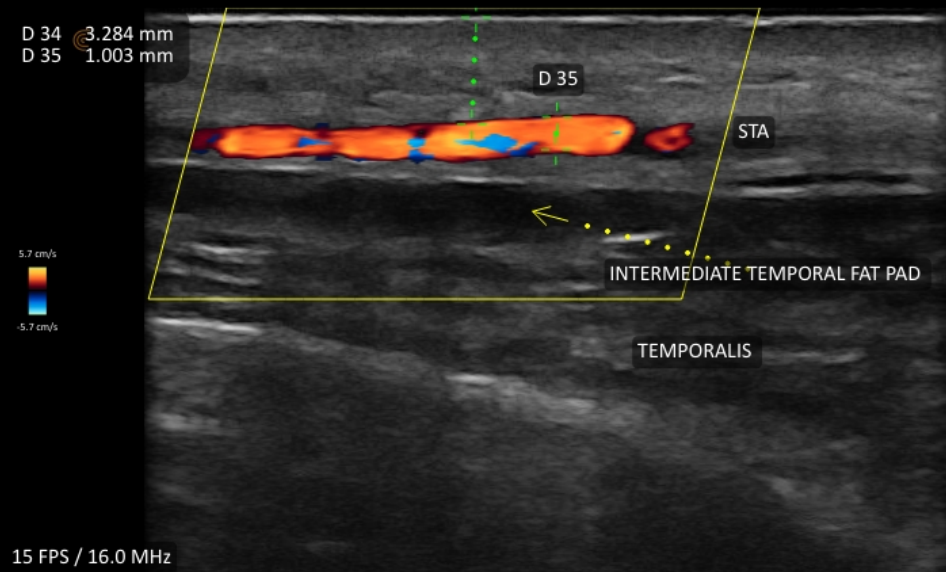


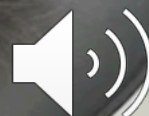
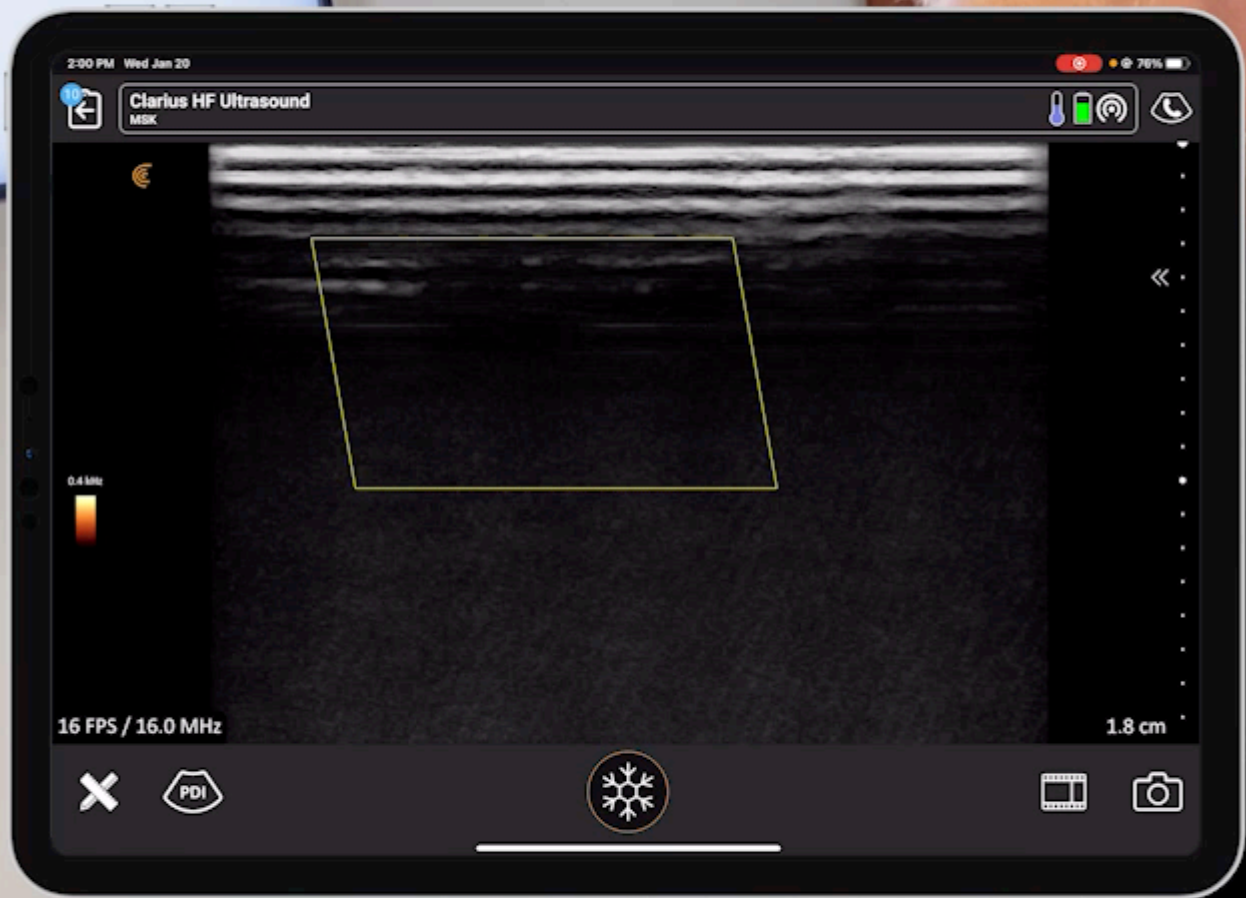
19 FPS / 18.0 MHz



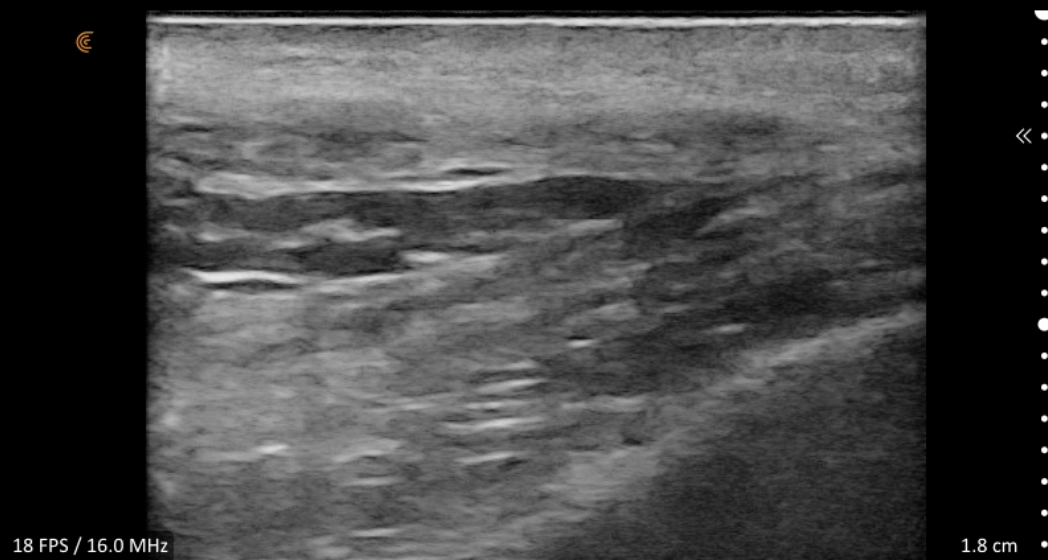


Superficial Temporal Art (Color Doppler)

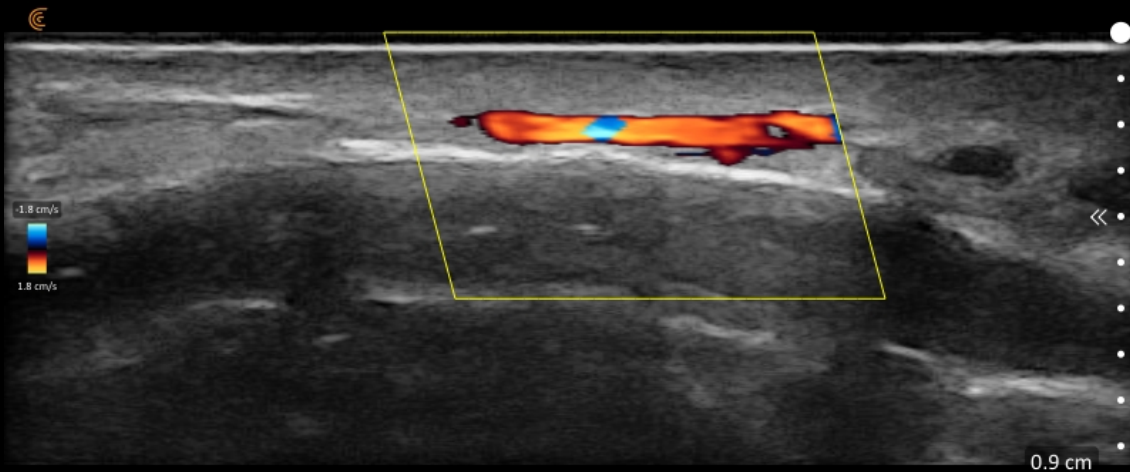




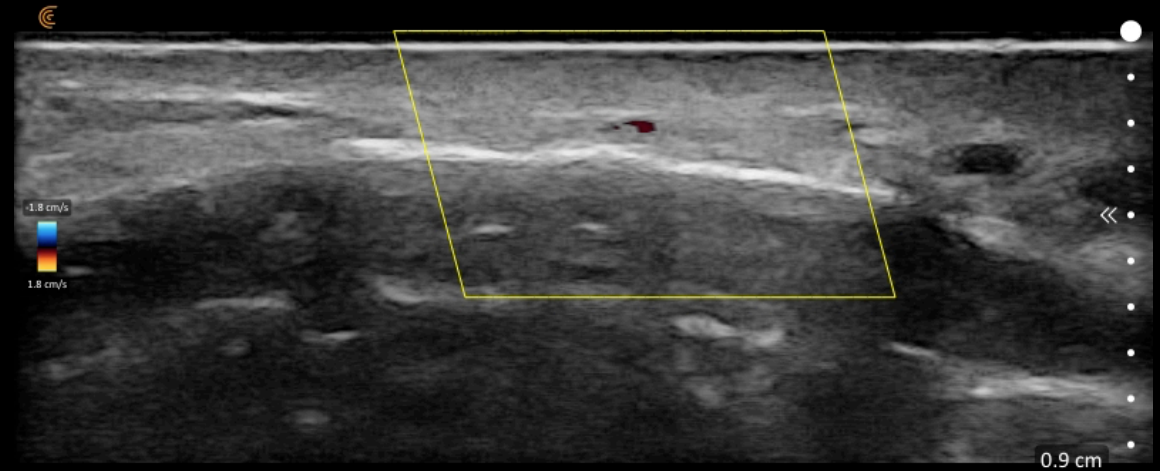
Temporalis movement



Dorsal Nasal Artery (Color Doppler)

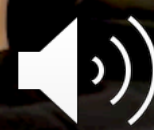
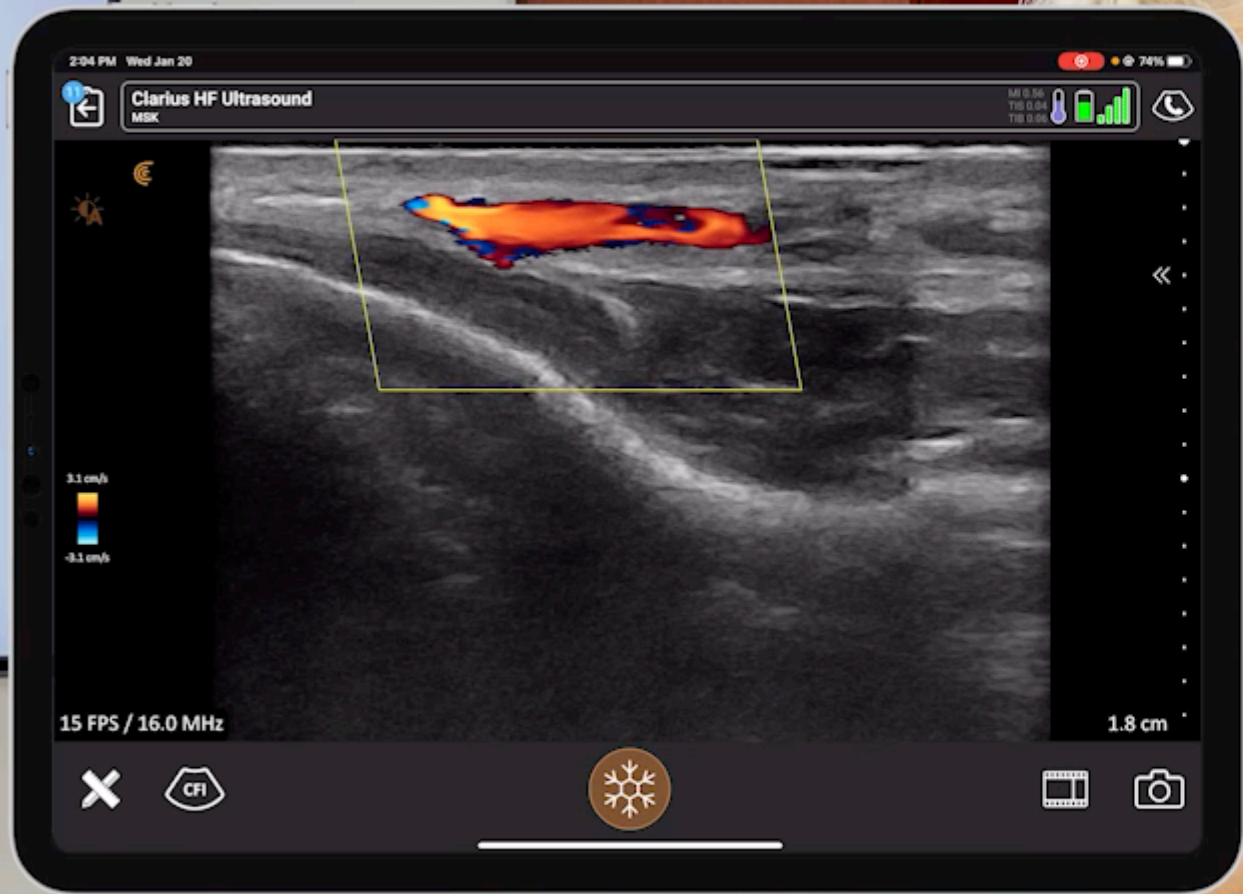


19 FPS / 18.0 MHz

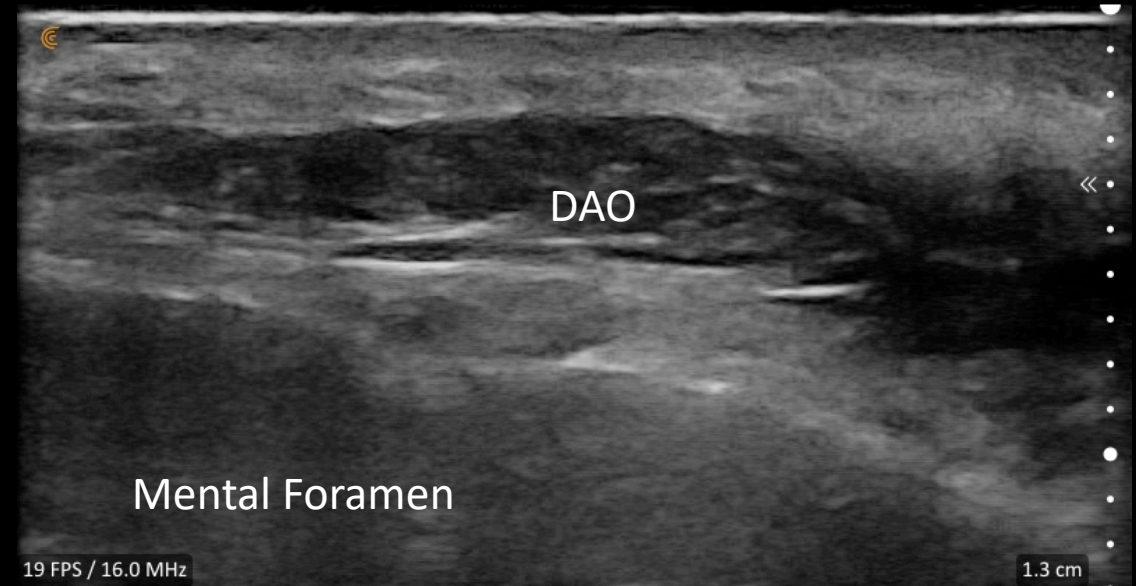


19 FPS / 18.0 MHz



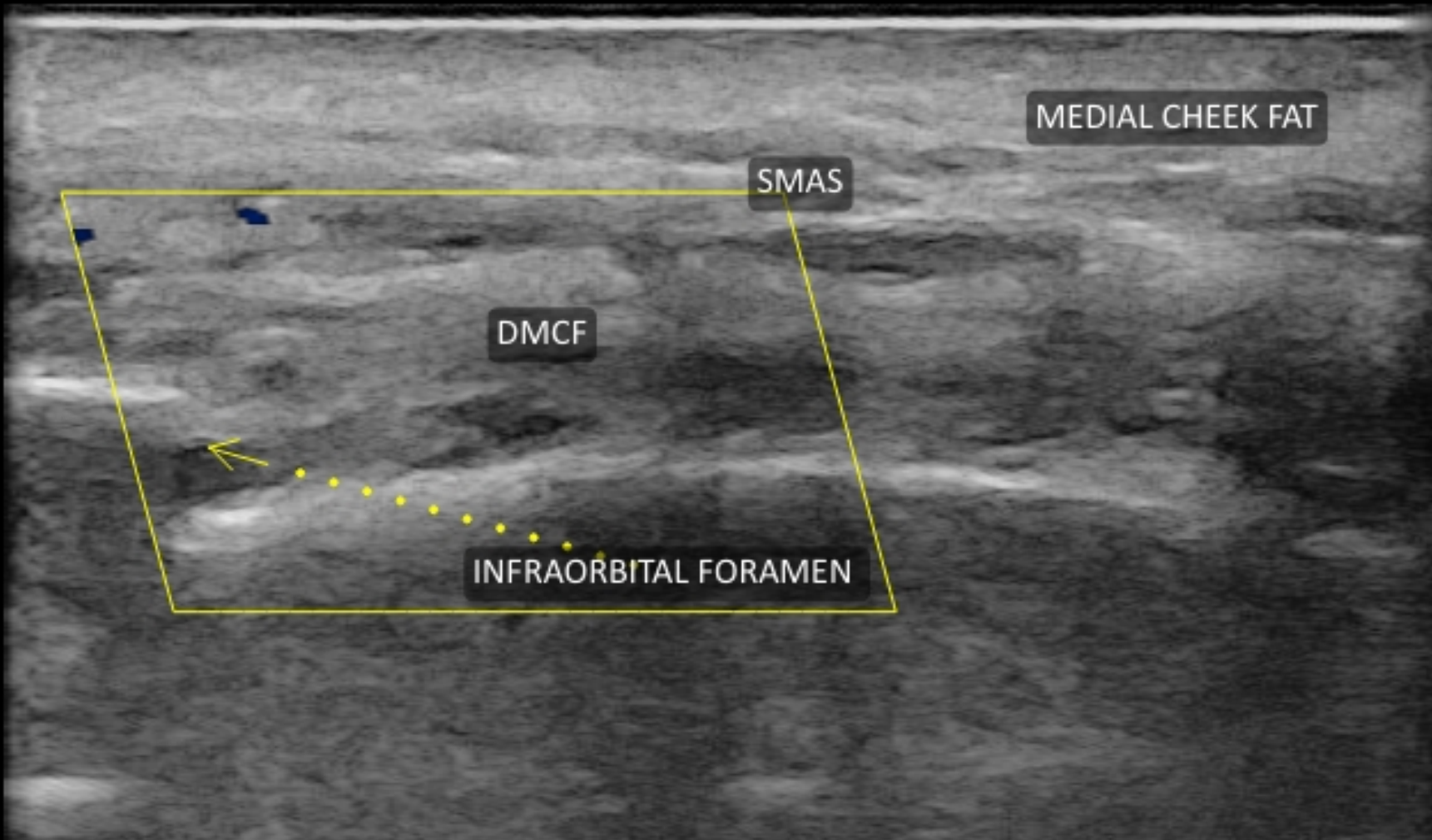


Foramen

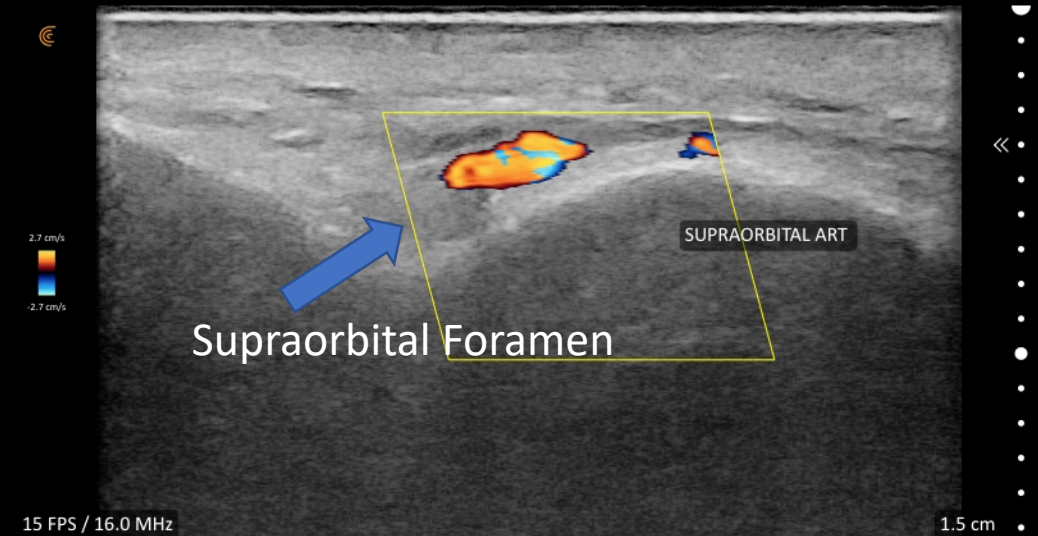
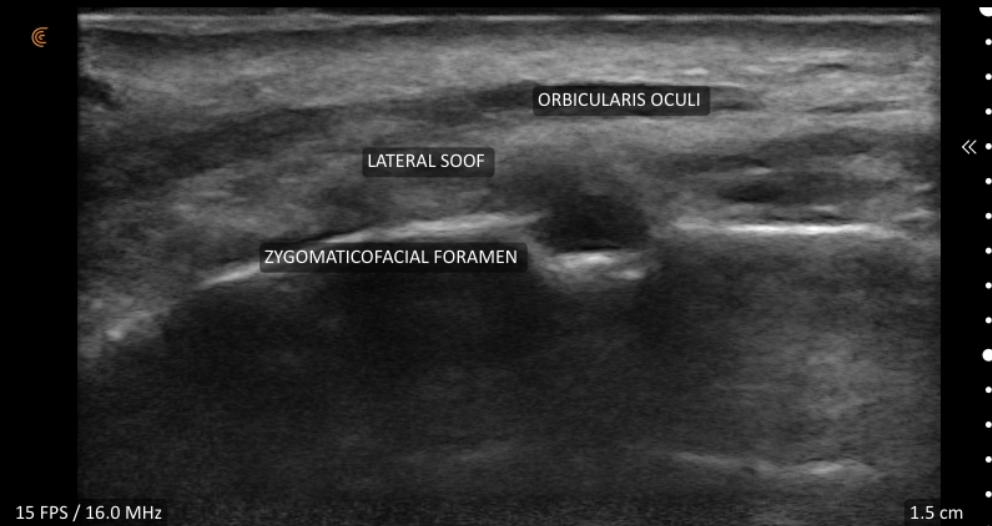




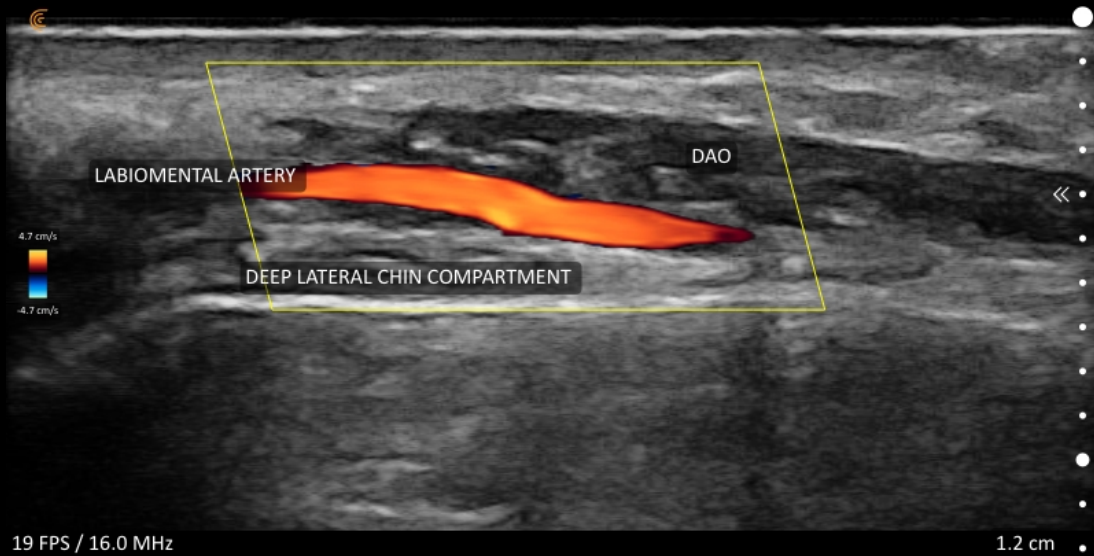
2.8 cm/s
-2.8 cm/s

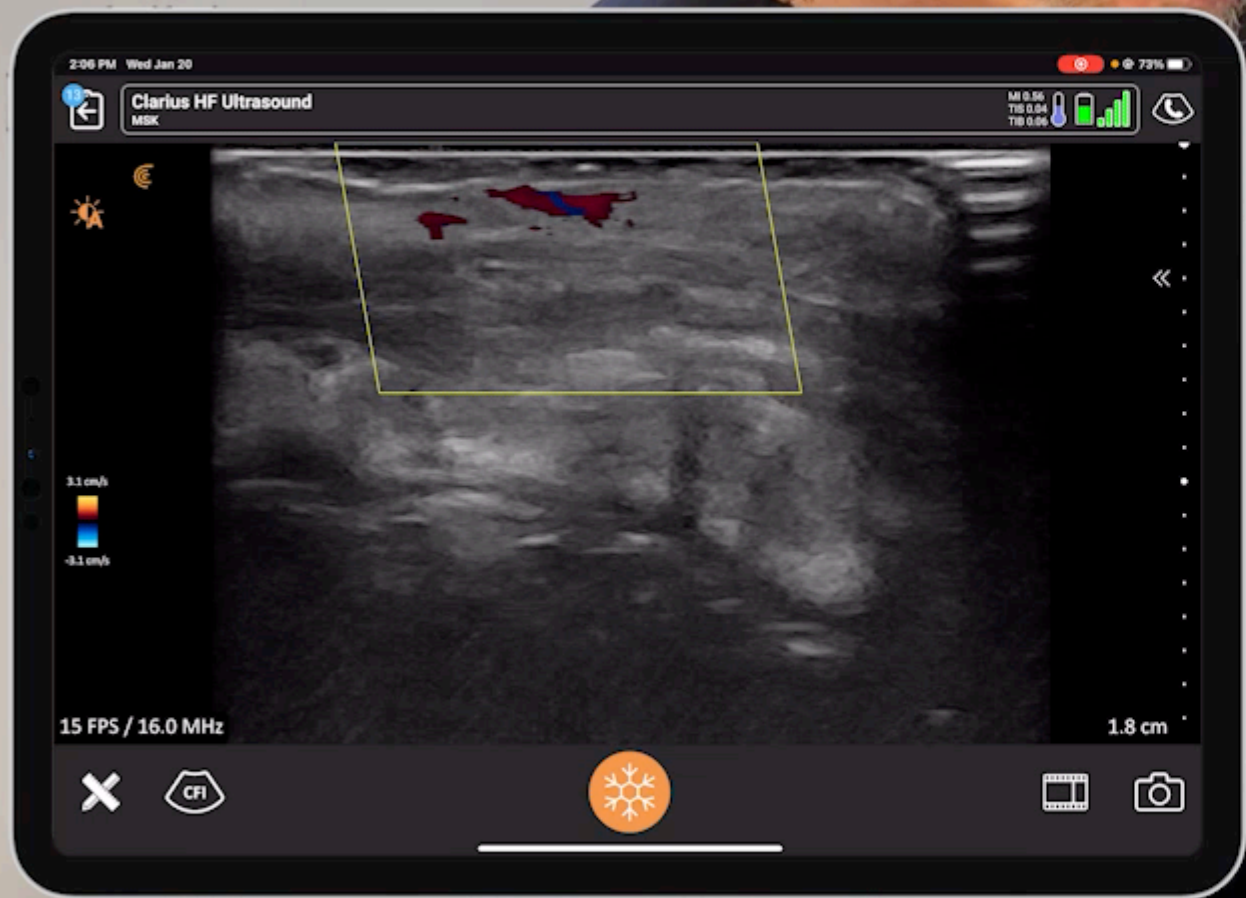


Foramen

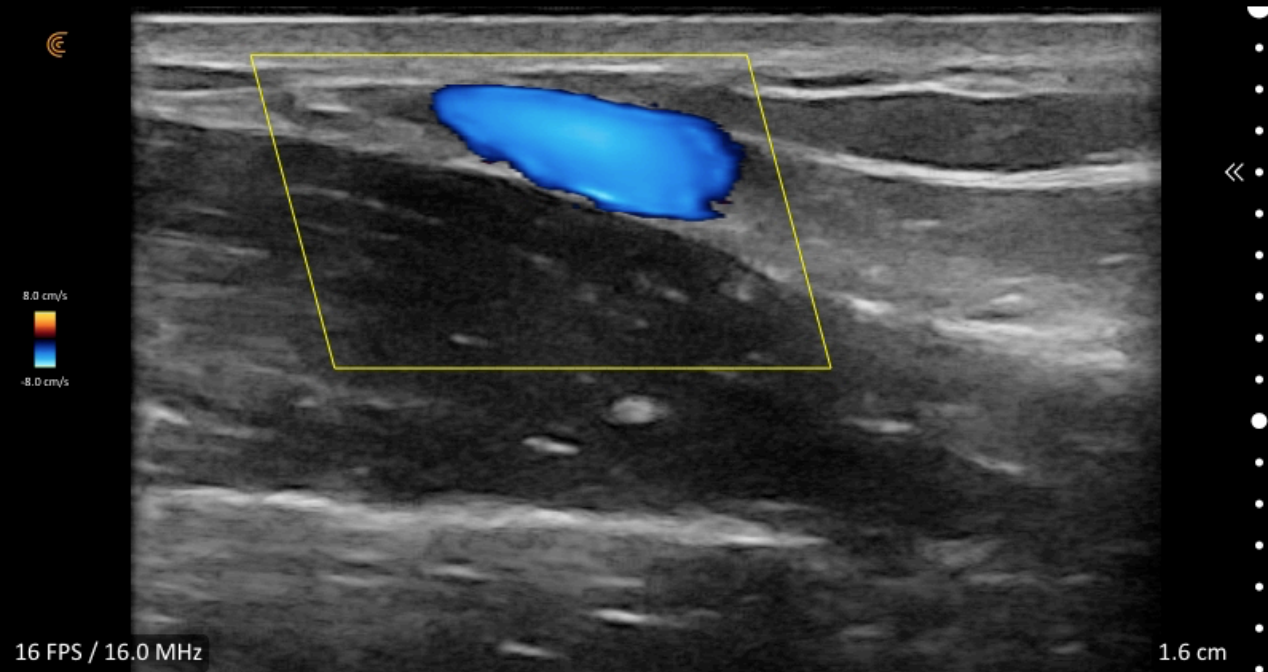


Labiomental Artery (Color Doppler)

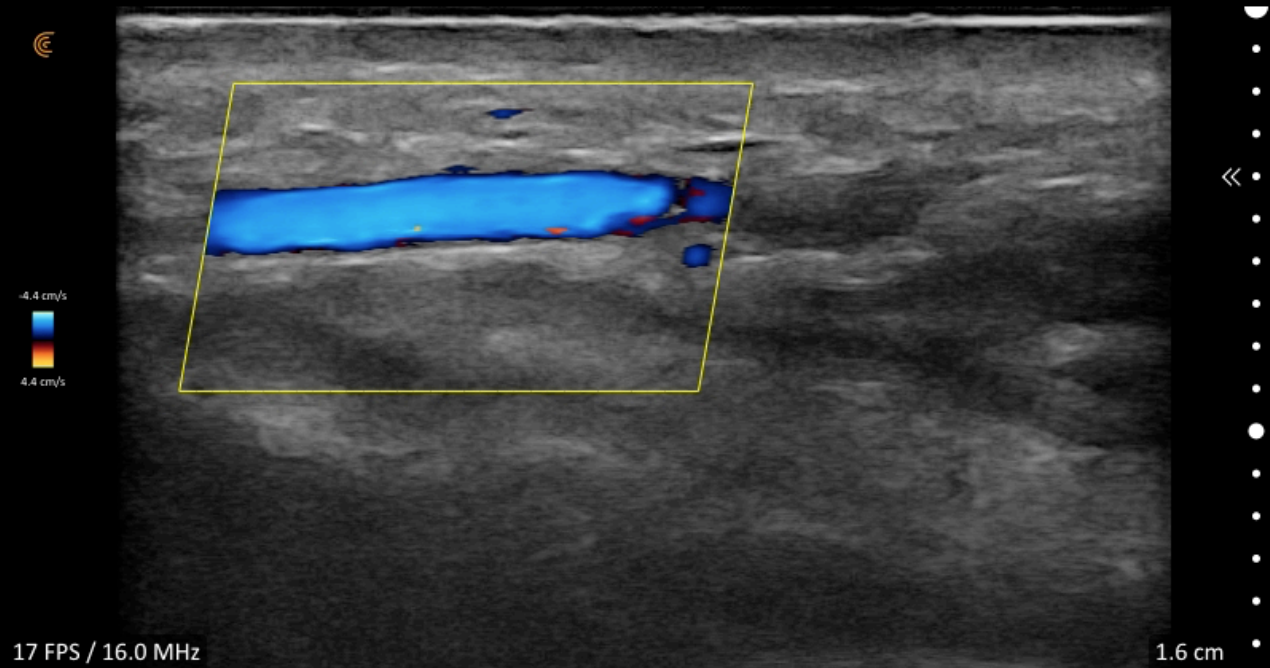




Compression of Vein with Transducer



Using Color Inversion



“Live Demonstration: Vascular Mapping with the Clarius L20 HD



“How to Characterize Existing Fillers



Filler Ultrasound Characteristics

- ✓ Hyaluronic Acid (HA)
 - Anechoic spheres or angled ovals, becomes hypoechoic after several months
 - Posterior enhancement
- ✓ Calcium Hydroxyapatite (CaHa)
 - Hyperechoic spheres with surrounding collagen (hyperechoic)
 - Posterior shadowing



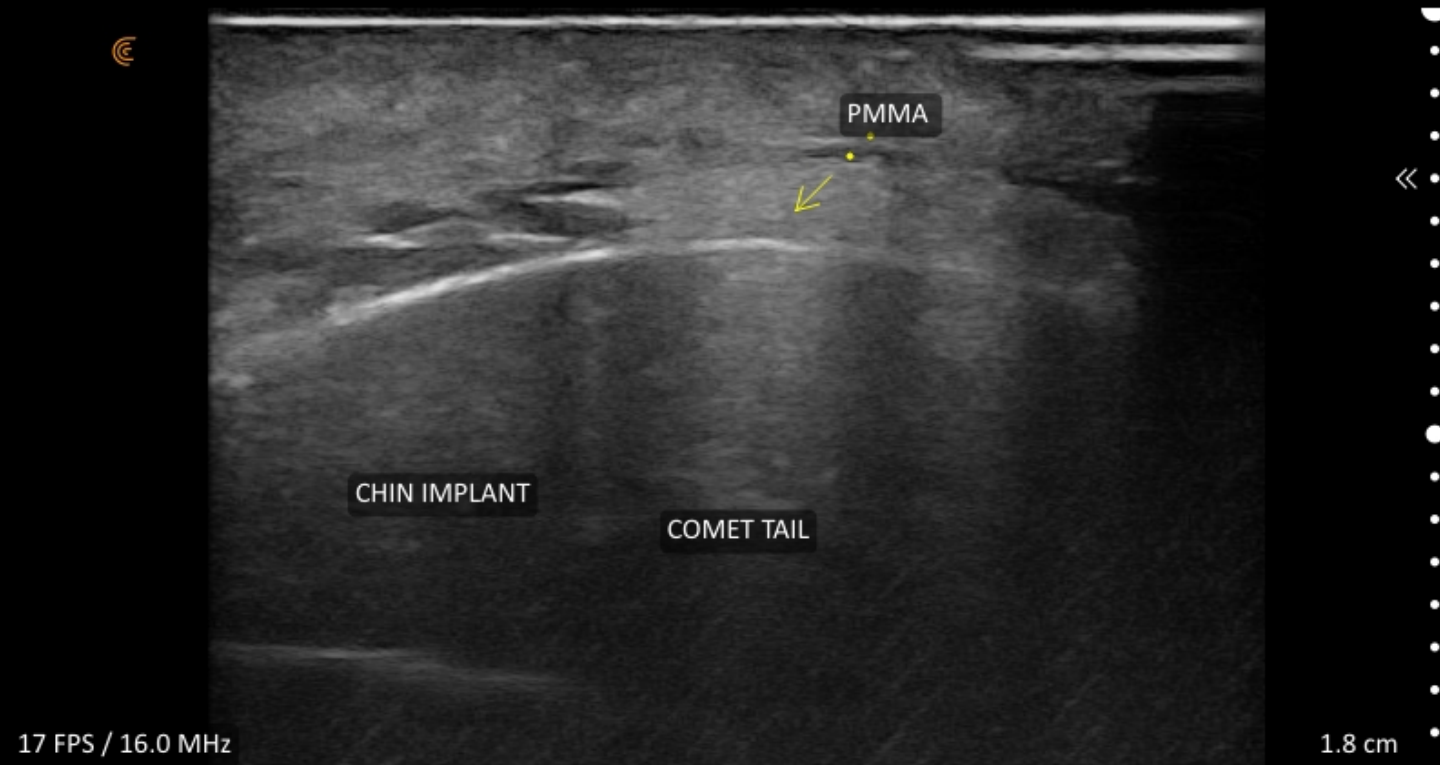
Filler Ultrasound Characteristics

- ✓ Polymethylmethacrylate (PMMA)
 - Hyperechoic clumps w/ surrounding collagen (hyperechoic)
 - Comet-tail artifact
- ✓ Poly L Lactic Acid (PLLA)
 - Diffuse hyperechoic densities with hyperechoic “cloud”
- ✓ Silicone Oil
 - Ill defined hyperechoic mass deposit with obscuring of all anatomic structures
 - Snow Storm artifact (pathognomonic)

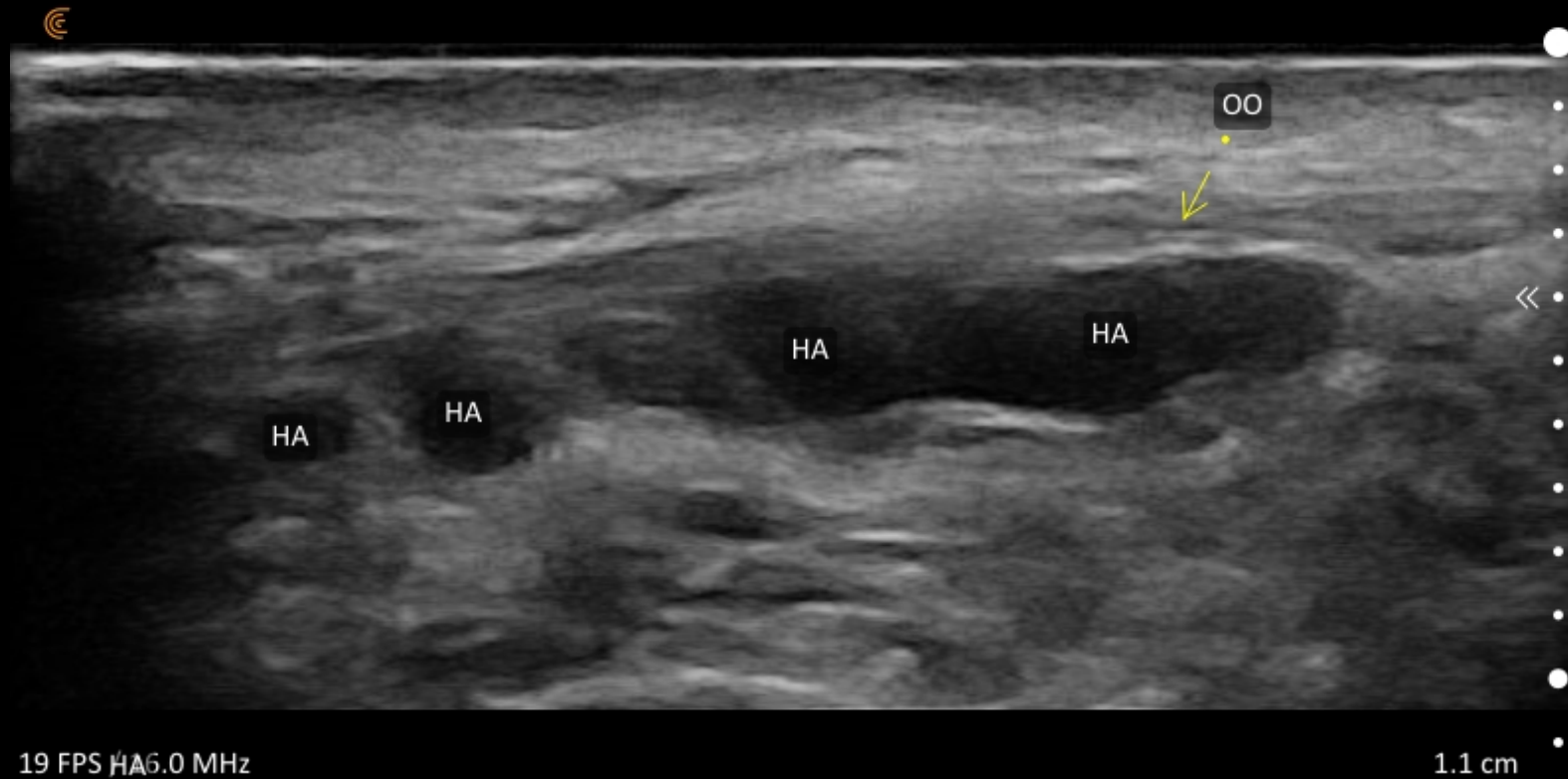




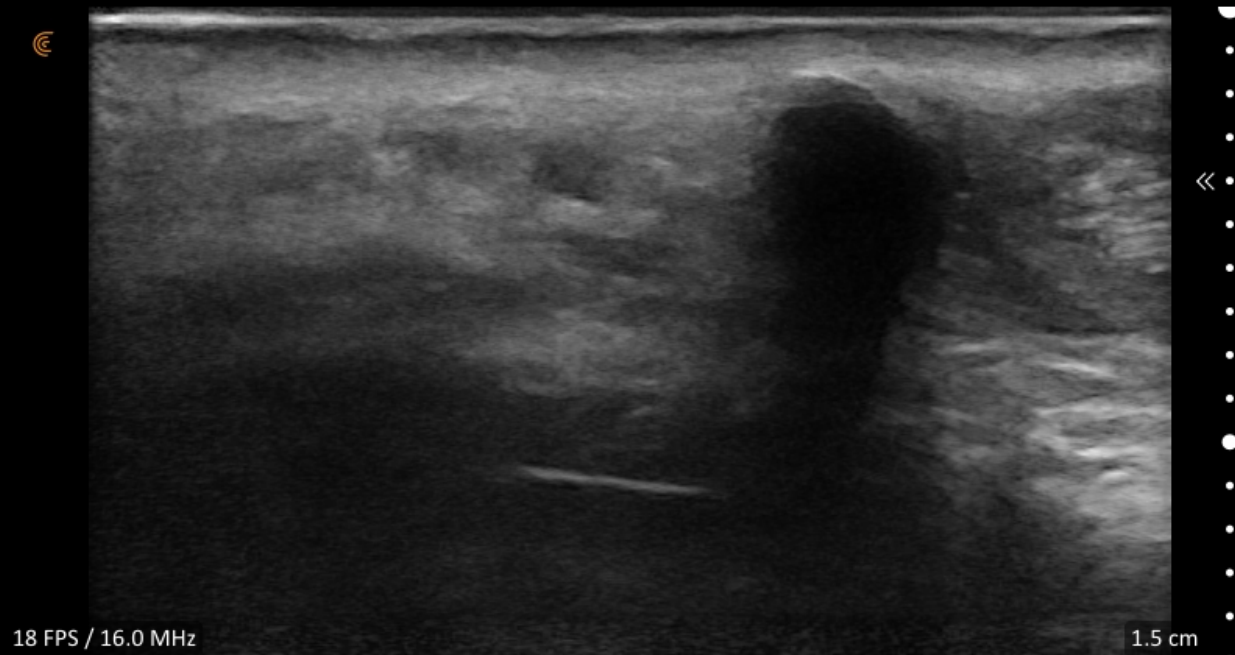
PMMA w Comet-Tail Artifact



7-year-old HA filler around eye



Calcium Hydroxyapatite with posterior shadowing using L20

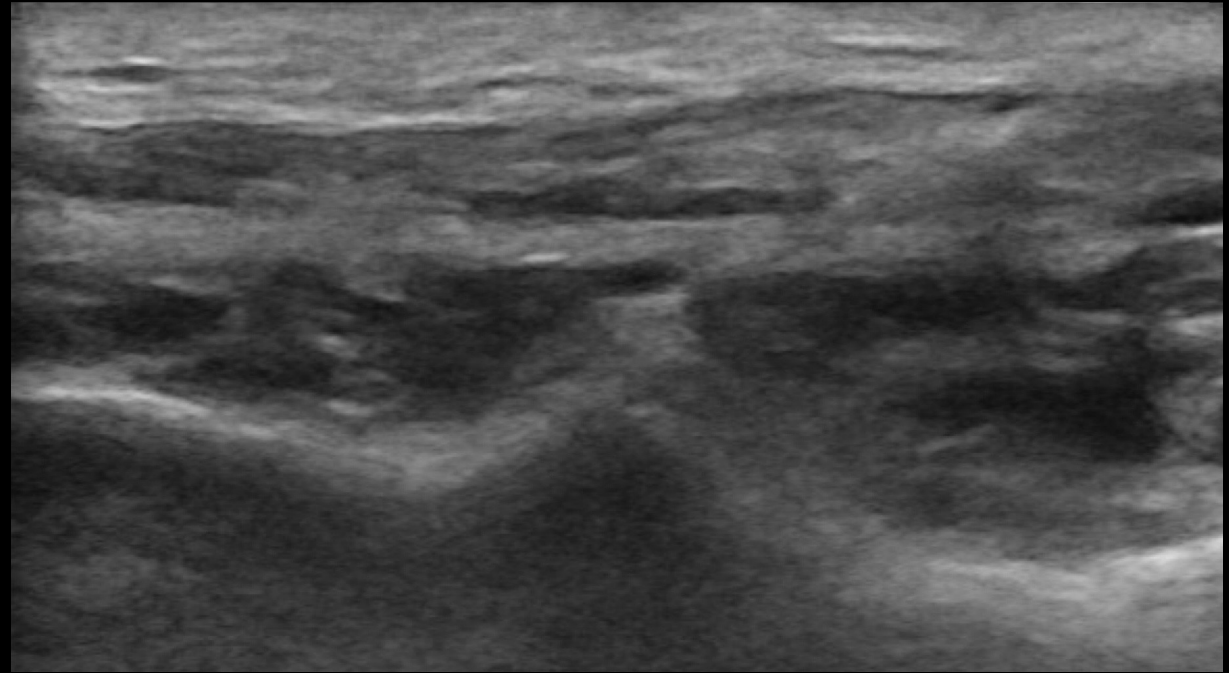
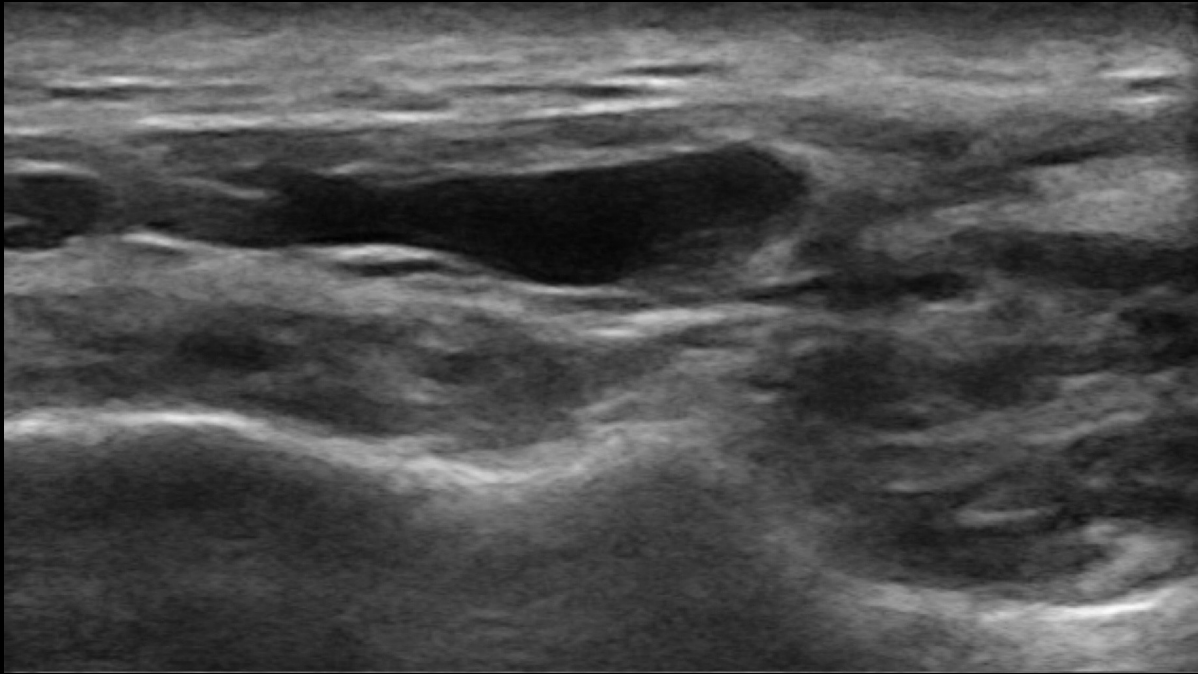


“Live Demonstration: Characterizing Fillers



Dissolving HA Fillers & Placing Steroids in Granulomas

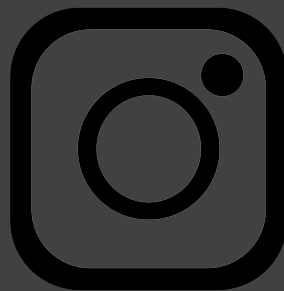
Dissolving HA Fillers



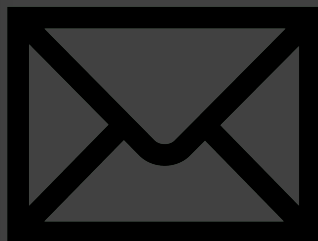


5 Ways Ultrasound Can Help Your Practice

1. Improving patient safety with vascular mapping.
2. Mitigate the risk of filler complications.
3. Solve complications with real-time imaging.
4. Increase patient confidence with high-definition imaging.
5. Increased referrals with patient satisfaction.



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Kevin Harrington, APRN

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Dr. Kenneth Fan, MD

MedStar Georgetown University Hospital

“ The thing that I most appreciate about the Clarius L20 ultrasound is that it is highly portable, which is absolutely important for plastic surgeons. We go from floor to clinic to OR. To be able to have something that you can just throw in your bag, pull up the iPad and just see what you need to see – I mean, it’s an absolute game-changer. Even though I’m new to ultrasound, the app and device is phenomenally easy to use. ”



Poll

What additional
information would
you like?

Questions?



Dr. Steven F. Weiner



Dr. Oron Frenkel



Thank you!

